

OSHA TEST

*** Please complete this portion of the OSHA packet, and fax to Human Resources at (800)521-9608. This must be complete within 5 days of your start date ***

OSHA TEST

Associate Name: _____

Social Security Number: _____

Title: _____ Test Date: _____

OSHA Course Name: _____

Please do not write below this line. For HR purposes only

HR Representative: _____

Date: _____ Exp. Date: _____

Exam Score: _____ Pass: YES NO

Any score under a 75% should be brought to the Director of Human Resources.

1. What are blood born pathogens?
 - White blood cells, red blood cells and platelets that live in the bloodstream.
 - Bacteria, viruses and other microorganisms that live in the bloodstream and can cause disease.
 - Needles and other objects that are contaminated with blood.
 - All the above.

2. Where are blood borne pathogens found?
 - Blood
 - Semen, vaginal secretions and cerebrospinal fluid
 - Oral secretions
 - All the above

3. Who is at risk for blood borne pathogen exposure?
 - Physicians and Nurses
 - Paramedics, Police and Firefighters
 - Flight attendants, custodial workers and employees who are responsible for administering CPR or First Aid
 - Any person who comes in contact with blood, tissue or body fluids

4. The most frequently transmitted blood borne pathogen is?
 - Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)
 - Hepatitis B
 - Anthrax
 - Ebola Virus

5. A vaccine is available for which of the following blood borne pathogens?
 - HIV
 - Hepatitis B
 - Malaria
 - All of the above

6. Common mechanisms of occupational exposure to blood borne pathogens include:

1. Piercing the skin with a contaminated needle
2. Contaminated blood splashed in the eye
3. Contact between broken or damaged skin and blood or other infected

body fluids.

- 1 and 2 are correct
- 1 and 3 are correct
- 2 and 3 are correct
- 1, 2 and 3 are correct

7. The most common non-occupational methods of exposure to blood borne pathogens include:

1. Sexual contact
2. Sharing of hypodermic needles
3. Public restroom

- 1 and 2 are correct
- 1 and 3 are correct
- 2 and 3 are correct
- 1, 2 and 3 are correct

8. What are universal precautions?

- Wearing gloves in the workplace
- Using a protective barrier to perform CPR
- It is a prevention strategy that assumes all blood, body fluids and tissues are treated as though they are infectious

9. What is the proper treatment of contaminated material in the workplace?

- Gloves and other contaminated disposable non-sharp items should be placed into biohazard bags provided by your employer.
- Needles and other contaminated sharp objects should be placed into designated sharp disposal containers provided by your employer.
- Linen, clothing and other reusable contaminated items should be placed into biohazard laundry bags.
- All the above

10. What should you do if there has been a suspected occupational exposure?
- stop what you are doing as soon as possible and wash the exposed body part immediately with soap and water or in the case of an eye splash an appropriate eye wash solution.
 - Attempt to save any contaminated object for testing purposes. Attempt to obtain the name and contact information of the source of the contamination.
 - Report this incident to your employer immediately. Your employer is required to provide you a confidential medical evaluation and follow up.
 - All the above